## Superconductor for ITER

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US ITER Forum May 8-9,



- US industry has a healthy competitive position in the supply of superconductors to international markets.
- Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn technology has seen marked advances in the last few years, helped by DOE sponsored development for High Energy Physics.
- 3. A program to optimize yields of ITER conductors ahead of production would pay large dividends.





- Magnetic Resonance Imaging: dominant application
  ~ 2500 tonnes/ year; NbTi
- NMR: main commercial Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn application
  - ~ 10 15 tonnes/ year
- High Energy Physics
  - mostly CERN's LHC, now in peak production

ITER: ~500 tonnes over 3-4 years, mostly Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn

### US S/c Industry Shares of World Market (estimated)

- 60-65% of MRI
- 35-40% of Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn
- 6% of HEP
- ~36% overall
  - Despite limited access to CERN



# Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn Types

#### Bronze process

- Majority of present NMR
- Jc limited by tin fraction in bronze



#### Internal tin

- Higher current density
- Lower \$/ ka-meter
- Now qualified for NMR and winning share
- Being developed further for HEP

#### Both types used in ITER EDA



## High Energy Physics and Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn

For a future "Very Large Hadron Collider" ?

- Snowmass '01: priority to linear collider
- Chances slim in near/ medium term

Upgrade interaction region quadrupoles at LHC?

- Boosts luminosity
- Nice leverage of entire LHC investment

While fusion research supported Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn advancement in early '90's, more recently HEP has carried the ball.

Time to hand off again, or carry it together?





# Current density - How far can we go?

 $Nb_3Sn$  wires for High Field Dipoles, 1996-2002



Low Temperature Superconductor Workshop Napa Valley, November 11-13, 2002

### **Target ITER strand specifications**



Higher spec strand can restore design margins in coils



### <u>Connecting Present</u> <u>Capability to ITER</u> <u>Requirements</u>

### Tying down technical specifications

- Understand Ic vs hysteresis loss vs copper content tradeoffs
- Iterate designs, adapting new technical capability

### • Yields

- Important factor in the economics
- Need for pilot production to optimize

### Capacities

 Although ~30x increase in annual Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn output is necessary, industry will respond to the challenge provided adequate preparation is planned.



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